

ESSAY SENTENCE STARTERS FOR MIDDLE SCHOOL STUDENTS Workbook

Essay sentence starters for middle school students are invaluable tools that help young writers craft well-structured, coherent, and engaging essays. As middle school students begin to develop their writing skills, they often face challenges in organizing their thoughts and expressing ideas clearly. Using effective sentence starters can serve as a guiding framework, making the writing process smoother and more confident. These starters not only improve the flow of an essay but also help students demonstrate critical thinking and develop their voice. In this article, we'll explore various essay sentence starters suitable for middle school students, provide practical examples, and offer tips to enhance writing skills.

Understanding the Importance of Sentence Starters

Before diving into specific sentence starters, it's essential to understand why they matter. Sentence starters serve several key purposes:

- **Provide clarity:** They clearly indicate the purpose of a sentence or paragraph.
- **Enhance flow:** They help connect ideas smoothly, making the essay easier to read.
- **Guide the writer:** They serve as prompts that inspire and structure thoughts.
- **Strengthen arguments:** They introduce evidence, examples, or reasoning effectively.

For middle school students, mastering the use of sentence starters is an important step toward becoming more independent and effective writers.

Categories of Sentence Starters for Middle School Essays

To make the process manageable, sentence starters can be grouped into several categories based on their purpose in an essay.

1. Introducing the Topic or Thesis Statement

Starting an essay or paragraph with a strong opening sets the tone for the entire piece.

- "The purpose of this essay is to..."
- "In this essay, I will discuss..."

- "This paper explores..."
- "The main idea I want to convey is..."
- "Today, I will talk about..."

2. Providing Background or Context

Background information helps readers understand the setting or importance of the topic.

- "Many people believe that..."
- "Historically,..."
- "In recent years,..."
- "It is widely known that..."
- "To understand this issue, it is important to consider..."

3. Introducing Evidence or Examples

Evidence supports your main points and makes your argument stronger.

- "For example,..."
- "A good example of this is..."
- "
- One instance of this is..."
- "
- According to recent studies,..."
- "
- Research shows that..."

4. Making Comparisons

Comparisons help clarify ideas by showing similarities or differences.

- "Similarly,..."
- "
- On the other hand,..."

"

- In comparison to...,"

"

- Unlike...,"

"

- Just as...,"

5. Expressing Opinions or Conclusions

These starters help convey your personal stance or summarize your ideas.

- "In my opinion,..."

"

- From my point of view,..."

"

- Therefore,..."

"

- In conclusion,..."

"

- To sum up,...""

6. Transitioning Between Ideas and Paragraphs

Transitions ensure your essay flows logically from one idea to the next.

- "Furthermore,..."

"

- Additionally,..."

"

- However,..."

"

- Meanwhile,..."

"

- As a result,..."

Practical Examples of Sentence Starters in Action

Let's look at how these sentence starters can be used in a typical middle school essay.

Introduction

- "The purpose of this essay is to explain why recycling is important."
- "In recent years, environmental issues have become increasingly urgent."

Body Paragraphs

- "For example, recycling reduces the amount of waste sent to landfills."
- "Similarly, recycling conserves natural resources like water and minerals."
- "However, some people believe that recycling is inconvenient."

Supporting Evidence

- "According to studies conducted by environmental agencies..."
- "Research shows that communities with active recycling programs see a significant decrease in waste."

Comparison and Contrast

- "Unlike composting, recycling involves processing waste into new materials."
- "On the other hand, recycling requires proper sorting and equipment."

Conclusion

- "In conclusion, recycling plays a vital role in protecting our environment."

- "Therefore, everyone should participate in recycling efforts."

Tips for Middle School Students to Use Sentence Starters Effectively

Incorporating sentence starters into your writing can greatly improve your essays. Here are some practical tips:

- **Practice regularly:** Use sentence starters in your daily writing assignments to become comfortable with them.
- **Vary your starters:** Avoid repetition by choosing different starters for different ideas or paragraphs.
- **Match starters to your ideas:** Use appropriate starters that fit the purpose of your sentence.
- **Read aloud:** Reading your essay aloud helps identify where transitions are needed and if sentence starters flow naturally.
- **Seek feedback:** Ask teachers or peers to review your work and suggest improvements in sentence structure.

Additional Resources for Middle School Writers

To further develop your writing skills, consider exploring these resources:

- [Kids World Fun - Essay Writing Tips](#)
- [ReadWriteThink](#)
- [The Write Source](#)
- School writing centers and online tutorials focused on essay writing

Conclusion

Mastering the use of essay sentence starters is a fundamental step for middle school students aiming to improve their writing skills. These starters serve as helpful prompts that guide the flow of ideas, clarify your arguments, and make your essays more organized and persuasive. By practicing the use of different sentence starters across various types of essays?such as narratives, expositions, and arguments?students can develop confidence and independence in their writing. Remember, the key to effective writing is not just knowing the right words but also practicing regularly and seeking feedback. With dedication and the right strategies, middle school students can become accomplished writers, capable of expressing their thoughts clearly and compellingly.

Ready to improve your essay writing? Start experimenting with these sentence starters today and watch your writing skills soar!

Essay Sentence Starters for Middle School Students: A Comprehensive Guide to Crafting Effective Essays

Writing essays can be a challenging task for many middle school students. One of the most effective ways to improve essay quality and coherence is by using well-chosen sentence starters. These serve as signposts, guiding readers through your ideas smoothly and clearly. In this detailed guide, we will explore various essay sentence starters, their importance, and practical tips on how to incorporate them into your writing to elevate your essays from good to great.

Understanding the Importance of Sentence Starters in Essays

Before diving into specific sentence starters, it's crucial to understand why they are vital components of effective essay writing.

Why Use Sentence Starters?

- **Provide Clarity and Structure:** Sentence starters help organize your thoughts, making it easier for readers to follow your argument or narrative.
- **Enhance Coherence:** They act as connectors between ideas, paragraphs, and sections, ensuring a seamless flow.
- **Showcase Critical Thinking:** Using varied starters demonstrates your ability to analyze, compare, contrast, and synthesize information.
- **Maintain Engagement:** Well-crafted starters can make your writing more engaging and persuasive.

The Role of Sentence Starters in Different Parts of an Essay

- **Introduction:** Grab attention and introduce your topic.
- **Body Paragraphs:** Present evidence, examples, and explanations.
- **Conclusions:** Summarize ideas and leave a lasting impression.

Types of Sentence Starters and Their Uses

To write compelling essays, students should familiarize themselves with a variety of sentence starters tailored to different purposes. Below, we categorize common starters according to their function within an essay.

- Sentence Starters for Introducing Ideas

These starters help introduce the main topic or new ideas within your essay.

- "The purpose of this essay is to..."
- "This essay will explore..."
- "An important aspect to consider is..."
- "In this essay, I will discuss..."
- "The topic I will focus on is..."
- "To begin with, it is essential to understand..."

- Sentence Starters for Providing Evidence or Examples

Evidence supports your claims and strengthens your argument.

- "For example,"
- "For instance,"
- "A good example of this is..."
- "Research shows that..."
- "According to..."
- "Many studies indicate that..."

- Sentence Starters for Explaining or Clarifying

These help elaborate on ideas or clarify complex points.

- "In other words,"
- "This means that..."
- "To put it simply,"
- "In particular,"
- "Specifically,"
- "That is to say,"

- Sentence Starters for Comparing and Contrasting

Use these to highlight similarities or differences between ideas or concepts.

- "Similarly,"
- "On the other hand,"
- "In contrast,"
- "Unlike..."
- "Whereas..."
- "Compared to..."

- Sentence Starters for Showing Cause and Effect

These starters clarify relationships between ideas.

- "Because of..."
- "As a result of..."
- "This led to..."
- "Consequently,"
- "Therefore,"
- "Since..."

- Sentence Starters for Adding Information

They help expand on ideas by adding more detail.

- "Furthermore,"
- "In addition,"
- "Moreover,"
- "Not only that,"
- "Additionally,"
- "Besides,"

- Sentence Starters for Concluding or Summarizing

These signal the end of a paragraph or essay section.

- "In conclusion,"
- "To sum up,"
- "In summary,"
- "Overall,"
- "Finally,"
- "To conclude,"

Practical Tips for Using Sentence Starters Effectively

Incorporating sentence starters into your writing takes practice. Here are some strategies to do so effectively.

- Vary Your Sentence Starters

Repetition can make your writing monotonous. Use a variety of starters to keep your essay engaging.

- Mix formal and informal starters depending on the tone.
- Avoid overusing the same phrase, such as "In conclusion," at the end of every paragraph.

- Match Starters to the Purpose

Choose starters that suit the specific function of the sentence?whether introducing a new idea, providing evidence, or concluding.

- Practice Transition Sentences

Practice writing transition sentences using these starters to improve flow between ideas.

- Use Sentence Starters as a Writing Checklist

Before finalizing your essay, review your work to ensure you've used appropriate starters to connect your ideas.

- Read and Analyze Well-Written Essays

Observe how skilled writers use sentence starters and incorporate similar techniques into your own writing.

Sample Paragraphs Demonstrating Effective Use of Sentence Starters

To better understand how these starters work in context, here are sample paragraphs showcasing their use.

Example 1: Introducing an Idea and Providing Evidence

"The importance of recycling cannot be overstated."

"For example," many communities have seen a significant decrease in waste due to recycling programs.

"Research shows that," if more people participate, the environmental benefits multiply.

"In conclusion," recycling is a simple yet powerful way to protect our planet.

Example 2: Comparing and Contrasting Ideas

"On the other hand," studies suggest that some students find online learning less effective.

"Similarly," however, many students appreciate the flexibility it offers.

"Unlike traditional classrooms," online learning allows students to set their own pace.

"Therefore," it is essential to find a balance that caters to different learning styles.

Creating Your Own Sentence Starters: Practice and Tips

Developing personal sentence starters can help make your writing more natural and tailored to your voice.

- Use Personal Phrases

Think about common phrases you naturally use when explaining ideas.

- Practice Rephrasing

Take a simple idea and practice rephrasing it with different starters to diversify your writing.

- Keep a Journal of Useful Starters

Maintain a list of sentence starters that work well for you, and refer to it when writing essays.

- Collaborate with Peers

Share sentence starters with classmates and get feedback on their effectiveness.

Conclusion: Mastering Sentence Starters for Academic Success

Mastering the use of essay sentence starters is a fundamental skill that can dramatically improve your writing clarity, coherence, and persuasiveness. By understanding their purposes and practicing their use across different parts of your essay, you'll be able to craft well-structured, engaging, and insightful essays that stand out. Remember, the key is variety and purpose—use different starters to match the flow of your ideas and avoid repetition. With consistent effort and a strategic approach, sentence starters can become your powerful allies in academic writing.

Start integrating these sentence starters into your next essay today, and watch your writing skills soar!

Question What are some effective essay sentence starters for middle school students? Some effective essay sentence starters include phrases like 'Firstly,' 'In addition,' 'For example,' 'On the other hand,' and 'In conclusion.' These help organize ideas clearly. **How can sentence starters improve my essay writing?** Sentence starters guide you to begin sentences confidently, improve the flow of your writing, and make your ideas clearer and more organized for the reader. **What are some good sentence starters to introduce my main idea?** Good options include 'The main point is,' 'This essay will discuss,' and 'My primary argument is.' These clearly introduce your main idea. **Can you give examples of sentence starters for supporting details?** Yes, examples include 'For instance,' 'This shows that,' 'A good example is,' and 'According to.' **What sentence starters should I use to transition between paragraphs?** Transition sentence starters include 'Furthermore,' 'Moreover,' 'In contrast,' 'Similarly,' and 'Consequently.' **How do I start my conclusion paragraph with a sentence starter?** You can start your conclusion with phrases like 'In conclusion,' 'To sum up,' 'Overall,' or 'Finally,' to signal the end of your essay. **Are there creative sentence starters I can use in my essays?** Yes, creative starters like 'Interestingly,' 'Surprisingly,' 'Notably,' or 'It is important to consider that' can make your writing more engaging. **How can I practice using sentence starters in my essays?** Practice by planning your essay with a sentence starter for each paragraph, and revise your drafts to include varied and appropriate sentence starters to improve flow and clarity.

Related keywords: essay introduction phrases, transition words, writing prompts, essay structure tips, student writing tips, paragraph starters, academic writing for teens, persuasive essay starters, narrative essay cues, writing skills for middle school

teaching sentence structure to primary writers

Teaching sentence structure to primary writers is a fundamental step in developing strong writing skills. Young learners often struggle with understanding how sentences are constructed, which can lead to fragmented ideas and unclear writing. By focusing on clear and engaging methods to teach sentence structure, educators and parents can help primary students build confidence and competence in their writing. This article explores effective strategies, activities, and tips for teaching sentence structure to primary writers, ensuring that they grasp the essentials while having fun in the learning process.

Understanding the Basics of Sentence Structure

Before diving into teaching methods, it's important to understand what sentence structure entails. Sentences are the building blocks of writing, and their structure influences clarity, flow, and meaning.

What Is a Sentence?

A sentence is a group of words that expresses a complete thought. It typically contains a subject (who or what the sentence is about) and a predicate (what is said about the subject).

Types of Sentences

Primary writers should learn about different types of sentences:

- **Simple sentences:** Contain one independent clause (e.g., The cat sleeps.).
- **Compound sentences:** Join two independent clauses with a coordinating conjunction (e.g., The sun set, and the stars appeared.).
- **Complex sentences:** Contain an independent clause and at least one subordinate clause (e.g., I stayed inside because it was raining.).

Strategies for Teaching Sentence Structure to Primary Writers

Effective teaching involves a mix of explanations, modeling, practice, and reinforcement. Here are some proven strategies:

Use Visual Aids and Graphic Organizers

Visual tools help young learners grasp sentence components more clearly.

- **Sentence Strips:** Use strips of paper with words or phrases that students can arrange to form sentences.
- **Sentence Cones:** Create cone-shaped graphic organizers illustrating subjects, verbs, and other sentence parts.
- **Sentence Diagrams:** Introduce simple diagrams to show how words fit together within sentences.

Model Good Sentence Construction

Demonstration is key to understanding.

- **Think-Alouds:** Verbally walk through the process of constructing a sentence, explaining choices.
- **Shared Writing:** Write sentences together as a class, highlighting sentence parts.
- **Comparison:** Show examples of well-structured vs. poorly structured sentences to highlight differences.

Introduce Sentence Patterns Gradually

Start with simple structures before progressing to more complex ones.

- **Subject + Verb:** The dog barks.
- **Subject + Verb + Object:** The girl reads a book.
- **Adding Details:** The small boy happily plays in the park.

Incorporate Fun and Interactive Activities

Engaged learners retain concepts better.

- **Sentence Building Games:** Use card games where students combine words to form correct

sentences.

- **Sentence Scrambles:** Provide mixed-up words that students rearrange into proper sentences.
- **Story Creation:** Have students write short stories by constructing sentences step-by-step.

Activities to Reinforce Sentence Structure Skills

Practical activities make learning memorable and enjoyable.

Sentence Sorting

Provide students with a mixture of correct and incorrect sentences on strips of paper. Have them sort and correct the faulty sentences, discussing why they need fixing.

Fill-in-the-Blank Sentences

Create sentences with missing parts (subject, verb, or object). Students fill in the blanks with appropriate words, reinforcing sentence components.

Sentence Expansion

Start with a basic sentence, then ask students to add details to make it more interesting. For example:

- Basic: The boy runs.
- Expanded: The happy boy runs quickly through the park.

Sentence Combining

Provide two simple sentences and challenge students to combine them into a single, more complex sentence using conjunctions like "and," "but," or "because."

Common Challenges and How to Address Them

Young writers often face hurdles when learning sentence structure. Here are common issues and solutions:

Fragmented Sentences

Students may write incomplete thoughts. Use sentence strips and diagramming to help them see the difference between complete and incomplete sentences.

Run-On Sentences

Help students recognize where to place punctuation and conjunctions to separate ideas properly. Practice with sentence splitting and punctuation exercises.

Overuse of Simple Sentences

Encourage variety by introducing compound and complex sentences gradually. Use sentence expansion and combining activities to develop these skills.

Assessing Sentence Structure Understanding

Regular assessment ensures students are progressing.

- **Sentence Construction Quizzes:** Short quizzes where students identify sentence parts and correct errors.
- **Writing Samples:** Review student writing for sentence variety and correctness.
- **Peer Review:** Encourage students to evaluate each other's sentences, fostering collaborative learning.

Tips for Teachers and Parents

- Keep lessons age-appropriate and engaging.
- Use real-life examples and relatable topics.
- Provide plenty of positive feedback to build confidence.
- Incorporate technology, such as educational games and apps, to reinforce skills.
- Be patient and consistent, offering repeated practice.

Conclusion

Teaching sentence structure to primary writers is a vital step in their literacy journey. By combining visual aids, modeling, interactive activities, and ongoing assessment, educators and parents can create a supportive learning environment that makes mastering sentence construction both fun and effective. Remember, fostering a love for writing and curiosity about language encourages young learners to experiment and grow as confident writers. With patience and creativity, you can help primary students unlock the power of well-structured sentences and set them on a path toward proficient writing skills.

Teaching Sentence Structure to Primary Writers: An Expert Guide to Building Strong Foundations

Teaching sentence structure to young learners is a fundamental step in developing their writing skills. As the building blocks of effective communication, sentences form the core of any written piece, whether it's a simple story or a detailed report. For primary students, grasping sentence structure can be both exciting and challenging, making it essential for educators and parents to utilize effective strategies, engaging tools, and clear explanations. In this comprehensive review, we explore the best practices, tools, and methods for teaching sentence structure to primary writers, ensuring they develop confidence and competence in their writing journey.

Understanding the Importance of Sentence Structure in Early Writing Development

Before diving into teaching strategies, it's vital to appreciate why sentence structure holds such significance in primary education.

The Foundation of Clear Communication

Sentence structure determines how well a reader can understand the message. Properly constructed sentences help convey ideas accurately and prevent confusion. For young writers, mastering this skill translates into clearer stories, reports, and personal reflections, laying the groundwork for advanced writing skills later on.

Developing Syntax and Grammar Skills

Early sentence instruction introduces children to syntax—the arrangement of words and phrases to create well-formed sentences. This knowledge is essential for understanding grammar rules, such as subject-verb agreement, correct tense usage, and punctuation.

Enhancing Writing Confidence and Creativity

When students understand sentence construction, they gain confidence in their writing. They can experiment with sentence types, vary their sentence lengths, and express ideas more creatively.

Key Components of Teaching Sentence Structure

Teaching sentence structure involves breaking down the components of sentences and guiding students through the process of constructing their own. Here are the essential parts:

- Sentence Elements: Subjects and Predicates

Subjects tell who or what the sentence is about; predicates tell what the subject does or is. Teaching

these basics helps students identify the core of any sentence.

- Types of Sentences

Understanding different sentence types enriches students' writing:

- Declarative sentences (statements): "The dog runs."
- Interrogative sentences (questions): "Does the dog run?"
- Imperative sentences (commands): "Run, dog!"
- Exclamatory sentences (strong feelings): "What a fast dog!"

- Sentence Length and Complexity

Introducing simple, compound, and complex sentences allows students to vary their writing style and add richness.

- Punctuation and Capitalization

Proper use of periods, commas, question marks, and capitalization is fundamental for clarity and correctness.

Effective Strategies for Teaching Sentence Structure

Implementing engaging, age-appropriate strategies can make the learning process enjoyable and effective.

1. Use Visual Aids and Graphic Organizers

Visual tools help young learners understand abstract concepts:

- Sentence Diagrams: Visual representations of sentence parts.
- Sentence Frames: Templates like "Subject + Verb + Object" to guide sentence creation.
- Graphic Organizers: Charts that break down sentence components, such as a T-chart distinguishing subjects and predicates.

2. Incorporate Sentence Building Activities

Hands-on activities foster active learning:

- Word Cards: Students select cards and arrange them into sentences.
- Sentence Scramble: Jumble words and ask students to arrange them correctly.
- Chain Sentences: Students build sentences together, adding words or clauses sequentially.

3. Use Sentence Pattern Practice

Introduce common sentence patterns to develop flexibility:

- Subject + Verb: "The cat sleeps."
- Subject + Verb + Object: "The boy kicks the ball."
- Subject + Linking Verb + Complement: "The sky is blue."

Practicing these patterns helps students recognize and construct various sentence types.

4. Scaffold Sentence Expansion

Encourage students to expand simple sentences by adding details:

- Original: "The girl runs."
- Expanded: "The girl runs quickly in the park."

This promotes descriptive writing and complex sentence formation.

5. Focus on Sentence Variations

Students should practice creating:

- Simple sentences for clarity.
- Compound sentences using conjunctions like and, but, or.
- Complex sentences with subordinating conjunctions like because, although, since.

Varying sentence structure enhances flow and keeps writing engaging.

Tools and Resources for Teaching Sentence Structure

Leverage modern educational tools to facilitate effective instruction.

1. Interactive Whiteboards and Digital Games

Digital platforms and games make sentence building interactive and fun. For example:

- Sentence Puzzle Games: Students drag words into correct order.
- Online Quizzes: Reinforce understanding of sentence components.

2. Sentence Construction Worksheets and Printables

Worksheets provide structured practice and assessment opportunities. Look for resources that include:

- Fill-in-the-blank exercises.
- Sentence correction activities.
- Sentence combining tasks.

3. Sentence Building Kits and Manipulatives

Physical kits with word blocks or cards allow tactile learners to experiment with sentence formation physically.

4. Educational Apps and Software

Apps like Sentence Builder or Word Wizard promote independent practice and immediate feedback.

Assessing and Reinforcing Sentence Structure Skills

Assessment is crucial to identify understanding and areas needing reinforcement.

1. Observation and Anecdotal Records

Monitor students during activities to gauge their grasp of sentence construction.

2. Formative and Summative Quizzes

Use quizzes to test understanding periodically and at unit completion.

3. Student Writing Portfolios

Collect samples of student writing to track progress over time.

4. Peer and Self-Assessment

Encourage students to review their own and peers' work, promoting reflective learning.

Common Challenges and How to Overcome Them

While teaching sentence structure is rewarding, it can present challenges.

Challenge: Overgeneralization of Rules

Solution: Use authentic examples and contextual learning to demonstrate exceptions and nuances.

Challenge: Lack of Engagement

Solution: Incorporate games, group work, and multimedia tools to maintain interest.

Challenge: Differentiated Learning Needs

Solution: Provide leveled activities and personalized feedback to meet diverse student needs.

Conclusion: Building a Strong Sentence Foundation for Lifelong Writing Success

Teaching sentence structure to primary writers is a vital investment in their literacy development. By understanding the components of sentences, employing engaging strategies, utilizing effective tools, and continuously assessing progress, educators can foster a love for writing and a mastery of language mechanics. This foundational skill not only enhances students' immediate writing abilities but also equips them with the linguistic tools necessary for academic success and confident communication throughout their lives.

With patience, creativity, and a structured approach, guiding young learners through the intricacies of sentence construction can be a rewarding journey—one that sets the stage for lifelong literacy and expressive power.

Question What are effective ways to introduce sentence structure to primary students?
Answer Using visual aids like sentence diagrams, interactive activities, and relatable examples helps young learners understand sentence components and build foundational skills. How can I teach the

difference between simple and compound sentences to primary writers? Start with defining each type, then use colorful charts and sentence-building exercises. Encourage students to combine simple sentences using coordinating conjunctions to form compound sentences. What activities promote understanding of sentence parts such as subjects and predicates? Sentence sorting games, fill-in-the-blank exercises, and peer editing activities help students identify and practice the roles of subjects and predicates in sentences. How can technology be integrated into teaching sentence structure to young learners? Educational apps, interactive whiteboard activities, and online sentence-building games make learning engaging and provide instant feedback for primary students. What strategies help primary students avoid run-on sentences and sentence fragments? Teaching students to check for complete thoughts, using sentence checklists, and practicing editing exercises can improve their sentence clarity and correctness. How do I differentiate instruction for students who struggle with sentence structure? Provide individualized sentence templates, visual organizers, and additional practice with guided support to meet diverse learning needs. What role does modeling play in teaching sentence structure to primary writers? Explicitly modeling sentence construction, think-alouds, and shared writing sessions help students internalize correct sentence patterns. How can I incorporate storytelling to teach sentence variety and structure? Encourage students to write stories using a mix of sentence types, then analyze and revise their work to improve sentence variety and structure. What assessment methods are effective for evaluating primary students' understanding of sentence structure? Using formative assessments like sentence construction quizzes, student writing samples, and peer review activities provides insight into their grasp of sentence structure. How can I motivate primary students to practice correct sentence structure regularly? Gamify sentence activities, celebrate progress, and connect grammar practice to their personal writing projects to foster enthusiasm and consistency.

Related keywords: sentence building, grammar basics, writing skills, sentence formation, punctuation teaching, sentence types, young learners, writing exercises, language development, early literacy

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