

Peugeot 205 T16 Group B Rally Car Enthusiast S Ma Complete Guide

peugeot 205 t16 group b rally car enthusiast s ma is a phrase that resonates deeply with motorsport aficionados, collectors, and automotive historians alike. The Peugeot 205 T16 Group B rally car is an iconic machine that epitomizes the daring spirit of the 1980s rally racing scene. Its blend of innovative engineering, raw power, and legendary performance has cemented its place as a beloved classic among enthusiasts worldwide.

The Origins and Development of the Peugeot 205 T16

The Rise of Group B Rallying

During the early 1980s, the FIA (Fédération Internationale de l'Automobile) introduced the Group B category to foster innovation and excitement in rally racing. These cars were characterized by their minimal restrictions, allowing manufacturers to push the boundaries of technology and performance.

Peugeot's Entry into Group B

Peugeot's decision to participate in Group B was driven by the desire to showcase its engineering prowess and to compete against other giants like Audi, Lancia, and Ford. The development of the Peugeot 205 T16 was a response to this challenge, marking a significant leap forward for the French automaker.

Development of the 205 T16

The Peugeot 205 T16 was designed as a homologation special, meaning a limited number of road cars were produced to qualify the vehicle for rally competition. This strategy enabled Peugeot to gather feedback from rally drivers and enthusiasts while producing a street-legal version.

Engineering and Design Features of the Peugeot 205 T16

Powertrain and Performance

The heart of the Peugeot 205 T16 was its turbocharged 1.8-liter inline-four engine, which produced approximately 350 horsepower in rally spec. This powertrain was paired with an all-wheel-drive system, providing exceptional traction across diverse terrains.

Lightweight Construction

To optimize agility and speed, the 205 T16 employed lightweight materials and a compact design. The car's tubular space frame chassis contributed to its rigidity and safety while keeping weight to a minimum.

Aerodynamics and Stability

The vehicle featured prominent aerodynamic elements, including wide wheel arches, a rear wing, and a front splitter. These components not only enhanced downforce but also improved stability at high speeds.

Suspension and Handling

The 205 T16 was equipped with advanced suspension systems tailored for rally conditions. Independent struts and adjustable dampers allowed drivers to adapt the car's handling to different surfaces, from gravel to tarmac.

Rally Achievements and Legacy

Dominance in the 1985 and 1986 World Rally Championship

The Peugeot 205 T16 achieved remarkable success in the mid-1980s. Notably, the car secured multiple wins and contributed significantly to Peugeot's reputation in rallying.

Notable Drivers and Victories

Some of the most prominent drivers associated with the 205 T16 include:

- Timo Salonen: A Finnish rally legend who drove the 205 T16 to several victories.
- Juha Kankkunen: Another Finnish star who showcased the car's capabilities in various rallies.

The End of the Group B Era and the Car's Legacy

Group B was abruptly discontinued in 1986 following a series of accidents and safety concerns. Despite this, the Peugeot 205 T16 remains a symbol of the era's innovation and daring engineering. Its influence persists in modern rally cars and automotive design.

The Enthusiast's Perspective: Collecting and Restoring the 205 T16

Why the 205 T16 is a Collector's Dream

Due to its limited production and historical significance, the Peugeot 205 T16 is highly sought after by collectors. Restoring an original model requires dedication, expertise, and access to genuine parts, making it a rewarding project for dedicated enthusiasts.

Key Aspects of Restoration

When restoring a Peugeot 205 T16, enthusiasts focus on:

- **Authentic Components:** Sourcing original parts or high-quality replicas.
- **Preservation of Original Features:** Maintaining factory paint, decals, and interior elements.
- **Performance Upgrades:** Carefully improving mechanical components without compromising authenticity.

Participating in Classic Rallies and Shows

Owners often showcase their restored 205 T16s at classic car events, rally reenactments, and vintage racing series. Such participation helps preserve the car's legacy and educates new generations about rally history.

Modern Influence and Cultural Impact

Inspiration for Modern Rally Vehicles

Design principles from the 205 T16, such as lightweight construction and advanced aerodynamics, continue to influence contemporary rally and performance cars.

Popularity in Media and Pop Culture

The Peugeot 205 T16 has appeared in various automotive documentaries, video games, and collectible models, solidifying its status as a rally icon.

Community and Clubs

Dedicated groups and clubs worldwide celebrate the 205 T16, organizing events, sharing restoration tips, and fostering a passionate community of enthusiasts.

Conclusion: The Enduring Appeal of the Peugeot 205 T16

The Peugeot 205 T16 Group B rally car remains a testament to the audacity and innovation of 1980s rally racing. Its engineering marvels, competitive successes, and cultural significance continue to captivate automotive fans and collectors today. For enthusiasts, owning or restoring a 205 T16 is more than a hobby—it's a connection to a legendary era of motorsport that redefined the possibilities of rally cars. Whether displayed in a private collection or driven at historic rallies, the Peugeot 205 T16 embodies the spirit of adventure and engineering excellence that inspires enthusiasts worldwide.

Peugeot 205 T16 Group B Rally Car Enthusiast's Manual: An In-Depth Exploration

The **Peugeot 205 T16 Group B rally car** remains one of the most iconic and revered machines in rallying history. For enthusiasts and collectors, understanding the nuances of this rally legend offers a window into a revolutionary era of motorsport—marked by innovation, audacity, and a relentless pursuit of speed. This article provides a comprehensive overview of the Peugeot 205 T16, from its origins and engineering marvels to its racing legacy and collector's appeal.

Introduction to the Peugeot 205 T16 and Group B Era

What Was Group B Rallying?

Group B was a class of rallying introduced by the FIA in 1982, characterized by its minimal restrictions and emphasis on technological innovation. It was intended to foster manufacturer competition and push the limits of automotive performance. However, the class was short-lived, ending abruptly in 1986 due to safety concerns following numerous accidents involving high-powered vehicles like the Peugeot 205 T16, Lancia Delta S4, and Audi Quattro.

The Birth of the Peugeot 205 T16

Peugeot's entry into Group B was driven by the desire to compete fiercely against rivals like Lancia and Audi. The 205 T16 was unveiled in 1984 as a homologation special—meaning a limited production run was necessary to qualify the car for Group B racing. Its aggressive design, innovative engineering, and racing pedigree quickly made it a legend among enthusiasts.

Design and Engineering Innovations

Chassis and Bodywork

The Peugeot 205 T16 featured a lightweight tubular space frame chassis, which provided exceptional rigidity while keeping weight to a minimum. The bodywork was crafted from aluminum panels with wide fender flares, ensuring optimal aerodynamics and accommodating the car's substantial wheel and tire sizes.

- Aerodynamics: The car incorporated a pronounced rear wing, front splitter, and side skirts to generate downforce and improve stability at high speeds.
- Weight: Curb weight was approximately 950 kg, emphasizing agility and acceleration.

Engine Specifications

At the heart of the 205 T16 was a turbocharged 1.8-liter inline-four engine, specifically developed for rallying purposes.

- Turbocharger: Garrett T3/T4 hybrid turbo, allowing rapid spool times and high boost levels.
- Power Output: Approximately 600 horsepower in the Group B specification, though it varied depending on the event and regulations.
- Torque: Over 500 Nm, providing formidable acceleration and climbing power over rugged terrains.

Drivetrain and Transmission

The 205 T16 employed an all-wheel-drive (AWD) system, crucial for traction in diverse rally conditions.

- Transfer Case: A viscous coupling or mechanical center differential distributed power between front and rear axles.
- Transmission: A 5-speed manual gearbox, optimized for quick shifts and durability under extreme conditions.

Suspension and Tires

To handle the challenges of rally stages, Peugeot designed a sophisticated suspension system.

- Front and Rear Suspension: Independent MacPherson struts at the front and a multi-link setup at the rear.
- Tires: Wide, high-profile rally tires, often ranging from 15 to 17 inches, with specialized compounds for gravel, tarmac, or snow.

Racing Legacy and Performance Highlights

Competition History

The Peugeot 205 T16 made a significant impact on the rally scene, competing in numerous World Championship events during 1984-1986.

- Notable Victories: The car secured multiple wins including the 1985 Monte Carlo Rally and the 1986 Safari Rally—one of the most grueling events on the calendar.
- Drivers: Talented drivers like Timo Salonen, Juha Kankkunen, and Ari Vatanen showcased the car's capabilities.

Technical Achievements

The 205 T16 was renowned for its remarkable performance metrics:

- Acceleration: 0-60 mph in approximately 2.8 seconds, a record for rally cars of its era.
- Top Speed: Over 200 km/h (124 mph), allowing it to excel on high-speed stages.
- Handling: Exceptional agility owing to its lightweight design and AWD system.

Innovation and Influence

The Peugeot 205 T16 pushed technological boundaries, influencing future rally cars:

- Introduction of turbocharged engines in rallying.
- Advanced aerodynamics for increased downforce.
- Use of lightweight materials and tubular space frames.

Collector's Perspective and Enthusiast Appeal

Rarity and Production Numbers

Homologation required Peugeot to produce a limited number of 205 T16 units—specifically 200 road cars, which served as homologation specials for Group B.

- Availability: The majority of these vehicles today are either in private collections or museums, making them highly sought after.
- Value: Restored models can fetch several million dollars at auction, reflecting their iconic status.

Restoration and Preservation

Enthusiasts often undertake meticulous restoration projects to maintain the authenticity of their 205 T16s.

- Key Challenges: Sourcing original parts, maintaining the tubular chassis, and preserving the engine's performance.
- Modifications: Many owners opt for period-correct restorations, avoiding modern upgrades to keep the car's historic integrity.

Community and Enthusiast Culture

The Peugeot 205 T16 has fostered a passionate community of collectors, rally fans, and motorsport historians.

- Events: Classic car shows, rally reenactments, and historic motorsport events celebrate the legacy of Group B.
- Clubs and Forums: Online platforms facilitate knowledge sharing, restoration advice, and rally stories.

Legacy and Impact on Motorsport

Safety and Regulatory Changes

The tragic accidents involving Group B cars like the 205 T16 led to a reevaluation of safety standards.

- FIA disbanded Group B in 1986, citing safety concerns.
- The era's cars, including the 205 T16, became symbols of motorsport's daring spirit but also of its risks.

Influence on Future Rallying

Despite its short lifespan, the 205 T16's innovations influenced subsequent rally car designs:

- Emphasis on lightweight construction and aerodynamics.
- Adoption of turbocharging and AWD systems.
- Development of safety regulations that balance performance with driver protection.

Historical Significance

The Peugeot 205 T16 remains a testament to the ingenuity and boldness of 1980s rallying. Its legacy endures through its influence on car design, its role in motorsport history, and its esteemed status among collectors.

Conclusion: The Enduring Allure of the Peugeot 205 T16

The **Peugeot 205 T16 Group B rally car** embodies an era characterized by innovation, adrenaline, and a fearless pursuit of performance. For enthusiasts, it's not merely a vehicle but a symbol of motorsport's golden age—an amalgamation of engineering brilliance, daring design, and racing prowess. As collector interest continues to grow and the car's legend persists, the 205 T16 remains an inspiring icon that captures the imagination of petrolheads worldwide. Its legacy underscores the spirit of rallying—a relentless quest for speed, challenge, and pushing the boundaries of possibility.

Question What makes the Peugeot 205 T16 Group B rally car so iconic among enthusiasts? The Peugeot 205 T16 Group B rally car is celebrated for its groundbreaking design, powerful turbocharged engine, and dominant performance in the 1980s rally scene, making it a legendary icon among motorsport fans. **Answer** How does the Peugeot 205 T16's engineering differ from other Group B rally cars? The 205 T16 features a mid-mounted turbocharged four-cylinder engine, four-wheel drive, and lightweight construction, which collectively contributed to its agility and speed, setting it apart from many contemporaries. Are there any modern recreations or replicas of the Peugeot 205 T16 for enthusiasts? Yes, several companies and private collectors have built replicas and restorations of the 205 T16, allowing enthusiasts to experience its legacy through detailed replicas and even functional models. What are the key performance specifications of the Peugeot 205 T16 Group B? The Peugeot 205 T16 typically produced around 450 horsepower, with a top speed exceeding 150 mph, and could accelerate from 0 to 60 mph in under 4 seconds, showcasing its rally heritage. Why was the Peugeot 205 T16 discontinued, and what impact did it have on rally racing? The car was discontinued due to the ban on Group B cars in 1986 following safety concerns. Despite its short racing lifespan, it left a lasting legacy in rally racing history for its innovation and performance. How can enthusiasts legally own or experience a Peugeot 205 T16 today? Owning a genuine 205 T16 is rare and expensive, but enthusiasts can find restored models, participate in vintage rally events, or attend car shows where replicas and restored units are showcased. What are the common modifications made by enthusiasts to the Peugeot 205 T16 replicas? Many enthusiasts upgrade engine components, suspension, and braking systems, and sometimes modify interiors to enhance authenticity and performance for display or rally events. Can the Peugeot 205 T16 be used for modern rally racing or track days? While technically possible, legal and safety regulations often prevent its use in modern rally events, but well-maintained replicas are popular for track days and car shows. What is the significance of the Peugeot 205 T16 in automotive history? The 205 T16 marked a peak in Group B rallying, showcasing innovative engineering, and influencing future rally car designs, making it a symbol of 1980s motorsport excitement. Where can I

find resources or communities dedicated to Peugeot 205 T16 enthusiasts? Enthusiast forums, vintage rally clubs, and social media groups dedicated to rally cars are great resources for information, restoration tips, and connecting with other Peugeot 205 T16 fans.

Related keywords: Peugeot 205 T16, Group B rally, rally car enthusiast, classic rally cars, Peugeot motorsport, rally car restoration, historic rally vehicles, rally car collectibles, Peugeot rally heritage, motorsport memorabilia

gm parts group numbers

GM Parts Group Numbers: A Comprehensive Guide to Understanding and Navigating GM Parts Group Numbers

Introduction to GM Parts Group Numbers

When it comes to maintaining, repairing, or restoring General Motors (GM) vehicles, understanding the intricacies of OEM (Original Equipment Manufacturer) parts is essential. One of the most crucial aspects of GM parts cataloging is the use of GM parts group numbers. These unique identifiers help technicians, parts suppliers, and enthusiasts quickly locate the correct parts for specific vehicle models, years, and configurations.

The concept of parts group numbers is central to GM's parts cataloging system, ensuring accuracy and efficiency in parts identification and ordering. Whether you're a professional mechanic, a classic car collector, or a DIY enthusiast, comprehending how GM parts group numbers work can save you time, money, and frustration.

In this comprehensive guide, we'll explore everything you need to know about GM parts group numbers, including their structure, significance, how to interpret them, and tips for using them effectively.

What Are GM Parts Group Numbers?

GM parts group numbers are alphanumeric codes assigned to specific groups or categories of parts within GM's parts catalog. These numbers serve as a reference system that organizes parts based on their function, location, and vehicle compatibility.

Key features of GM parts group numbers:

- Systematic Organization: They categorize parts into logical groups, such as engine components, body parts, electrical systems, etc.
- Ease of Identification: Simplify the process of locating the correct parts for various GM vehicles.
- Standardization: Ensure consistent referencing across dealerships, repair shops, and parts suppliers.

The Structure of GM Parts Group Numbers

Understanding the structure of GM parts group numbers is vital for decoding their meaning. While the exact format can vary depending on the category, most follow a standard pattern:

Typical Format

- Two to three-digit group number ? Indicates the main category (e.g., Engine, Transmission, Body).
- Sub-group numbers or codes ? Further specify the part type within the main category.
- Optional suffixes or suffix numbers ? Clarify variations or specific versions of a part.

Example Breakdown

Suppose you encounter a parts group number like 10-1000:

- 10 ? Main group (e.g., Engine)
- 1000 ? Specific sub-group or part category within the main group

In some cases, parts are assigned a group code (often a letter or number), followed by a part number for specific components.

Major GM Parts Group Categories

GM's parts catalog is divided into several broad categories, each identified by specific group numbers. Here are some of the main categories:

- Engine and Transmission Groups
 - 10 Series: Engine components
 - 12 Series: Transmission parts

- 14 Series: Drivetrain components

- Body and Interior Groups

- 15 Series: Body panels and structures
- 16 Series: Interior components, seats, and trim

- Electrical and Lighting Groups

- 22 Series: Electrical systems, wiring harnesses
- 23 Series: Lighting components

- Suspension, Brakes, and Wheels

- 20 Series: Suspension parts
- 21 Series: Brake components
- 18 Series: Wheels and tires

- HVAC and Climate Control

- 13 Series: Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning parts

- Miscellaneous and Accessories

- 99 Series: Accessories and miscellaneous parts

These categories help streamline the process of locating parts, especially when combined with the detailed numbering system.

How to Use GM Parts Group Numbers Effectively

Knowing the structure and categories is just the beginning. Here are practical tips for using GM parts group numbers to identify, order, and verify parts:

- Consult Official GM Parts Catalogs

- Use GM's official parts catalog or online parts lookup tools.
- Enter the vehicle's VIN or specific part group number to find compatible parts.

- Cross-Reference with Vehicle Information

- Confirm the vehicle's make, model, year, and engine type.
- Use this info to narrow down the correct parts group number.

- Recognize Common Group Number Patterns

- Familiarize yourself with typical group numbers for common parts (e.g., 10 for engines, 15 for body panels).
- This knowledge speeds up the identification process.

- Use Parts Group Numbers for Ordering

- When ordering parts, always provide the full group number to avoid errors.
- Verify the part number and compatibility with your specific vehicle.

- Keep a Reference Guide

- Maintain a personal reference of GM parts group numbers for frequently replaced components.
- This can be invaluable during restorations or repairs.

Decoding GM Parts Group Numbers: Examples

Let's look at some real-world examples to illustrate how to interpret GM parts group numbers:

Example 1: Engine Components

Group Number: 10-1000

- 10: Engine group
- 1000: Specific sub-category, such as engine blocks or cylinder heads

Example 2: Body Panels

Group Number: 15-200

- 15: Body and sheet metal
- 200: Front fenders

Example 3: Electrical System

Group Number: 22-300

- 22: Electrical systems
- 300: Wiring harnesses or switches

Example 4: Suspension Parts

Group Number: 20-400

- 20: Suspension
- 400: Shock absorbers or struts

By understanding these examples, you can navigate the GM parts catalog more confidently.

Benefits of Using GM Parts Group Numbers

Utilizing GM parts group numbers offers several advantages:

- Accuracy: Ensures you select the exact parts needed for your vehicle.
- Efficiency: Speeds up the lookup and ordering process.
- Cost Savings: Reduces the risk of ordering incorrect parts, saving time and money.
- Restoration and Classic Car Maintenance: Facilitates sourcing OEM parts for vintage GM vehicles.

Common Challenges and How to Overcome Them

While GM parts group numbers are highly effective, some challenges may arise:

- Obsolete or Discontinued Parts
 - Solution: Consult aftermarket suppliers or salvage yards, referencing the original group number for compatibility.
- Variations Across Model Years
 - Solution: Always verify the vehicle's specific year and model before ordering.
- Confusing or Similar Group Numbers
 - Solution: Use detailed catalogs, online tools, or professional assistance to verify parts.

Conclusion: Mastering GM Parts Group Numbers

Understanding GM parts group numbers is an invaluable skill for anyone involved in maintaining, repairing, or restoring GM vehicles. By recognizing the structure, categories, and application of these codes, you can streamline your parts sourcing process, ensure compatibility, and maintain the authenticity of your vehicle.

Whether you're a seasoned mechanic or a hobbyist working on a classic GM car, mastering the use of parts group numbers enhances your efficiency and confidence. Always refer to official GM catalogs, cross-reference vehicle details, and keep organized records of parts numbers to make your automotive projects smoother and more successful.

Remember: Accurate parts identification is the foundation of quality repairs and restorations, and GM parts group numbers are your reliable map to achieving that accuracy.

Keywords: GM parts group numbers, GM parts catalog, OEM GM parts, GM part numbering system, GM vehicle repair, GM restoration parts, GM OEM components, vehicle parts identification

GM Parts Group Numbers: An In-Depth Guide to Understanding and Navigating GM's Part Number System

When it comes to maintaining, repairing, or customizing General Motors (GM) vehicles, understanding the intricacies of GM parts group numbers is essential. These numbers serve as a vital reference system that helps technicians, parts suppliers, and vehicle owners identify, categorize, and source the correct components for a wide range of GM models. Whether you're a professional mechanic or a dedicated DIY enthusiast, mastering the GM parts group number system can streamline your workflow, reduce errors, and ensure your vehicle receives the proper parts.

What Are GM Parts Group Numbers?

GM parts group numbers are alphanumeric codes assigned by General Motors to categorize and identify specific groups of vehicle parts. These codes are part of a comprehensive cataloging system that relates to the vehicle's assembly and parts layout. Each group number corresponds to a particular section or subsystem of a vehicle ? such as the engine, transmission, suspension, or interior components.

Purpose and Importance

- **Standardization:** Facilitates consistent identification of parts across different dealerships and repair shops.
- **Efficiency:** Speeds up the process of ordering and inventory management.
- **Accuracy:** Reduces the risk of ordering incorrect parts, saving time and money.
- **Compatibility:** Ensures parts are suitable for specific vehicle models and configurations.

How Are GM Parts Group Numbers Structured?

Typically, GM parts group numbers are numeric, often comprising three to five digits. These numbers are organized hierarchically, with broader categories subdividing into more specific groups. For example, a group number might indicate a general category like "engine components" and further specify the exact part within that category.

Understanding the GM Parts Group Number System

Organization and Hierarchy

The GM parts group number system is designed for clarity and ease of use. It generally follows this structure:

- Main Group Number: Represents a broad category (e.g., 1 for engine, 2 for transmission).
- Subgroup Numbers: Further divide the main group into specific components or assemblies.
- Part Number: Unique identifier for individual parts within a subgroup.

This hierarchical approach allows for a logical and comprehensive catalog that covers all vehicle systems.

Example of Group Numbering

Suppose you come across the group number 12. This might represent the "Engine" category. Within this group, specific subgroups might be:

- 12.1: Cylinder heads
- 12.2: Pistons and rings
- 12.3: Valves and valve train

Each subgroup contains individual parts with unique part numbers, making it easier to locate and order precisely what is needed.

Common GM Parts Group Numbers and Their Significance

Understanding typical group numbers can greatly assist in quick identification. Here are some common examples:

Engine and Related Components

- 10: Engine blocks and cylinder heads
- 12: Cylinder heads
- 14: Pistons, rings, and related components
- 15: Valves and valve train parts
- 16: Intake and exhaust manifolds

Features and Considerations

- These groupings allow for easy cross-referencing across catalogs.
- They help identify compatible parts across different GM models.

Transmission and Drivetrain

- 23: Transmissions
- 24: Clutches and related components
- 25: Driveshafts and axles

Application Tips

- Confirm the specific vehicle model and year when sourcing parts within these groups.
- Be aware that transmission parts may vary significantly between models, even within the same group.

Suspension and Steering

- 27: Suspension components
- 28: Steering gear and linkages
- 29: Wheel hubs and bearings

Advantages

- Quick identification of suspension parts for repairs or upgrades.
- Helps in sourcing OEM or aftermarket components.

Interior and Exterior Accessories

- 50: Interior trim and upholstery
- 60: Exterior body panels
- 70: Lighting and electrical components

Key Points

- Group numbers facilitate ordering compatible body parts and accessories.

- Useful for restorations or customizing vehicles.

How to Use GM Parts Group Numbers Effectively

Locating the Correct Group Number

- Service Manuals: GM service manuals often list parts by group numbers, providing detailed diagrams.
- Parts Catalogs: Both printed and digital GM parts catalogs are organized by group numbers.
- Online Databases: Many aftermarket websites and GM's official parts portals allow you to search by vehicle VIN, model, or group number.

Cross-Referencing Parts

- Use the group number as a starting point for identifying compatible parts across different models and years.
- Cross-reference GM group numbers with aftermarket or third-party catalogs for alternative options.

Ensuring Compatibility

- Always verify the specific vehicle details (model, year, engine type) when sourcing parts.
- Consult with suppliers or GM service representatives if uncertain about the correct group number or part.

Pros and Cons of GM Parts Group Numbers

Pros

- Streamlined Identification: Simplifies locating and ordering parts.
- Enhanced Accuracy: Reduces errors due to misidentification.
- Efficient Inventory Management: Assists dealerships and repair shops in organizing parts.
- Compatibility Assurance: Helps ensure parts fit specific vehicle configurations.

Cons

- Complexity for Beginners: The numbering system can be confusing for newcomers.
- Limited to GM Vehicles: The system is specific to GM, making cross-brand compatibility less straightforward.
- Requires Reference Material: To utilize group numbers effectively, access to catalogs or databases is necessary.
- Variation Over Time: Part numbers and groupings may change with vehicle updates or model years.

Additional Resources and Tips

- GM Parts Catalogs: Always refer to the latest official catalogs for accurate group numbers.
- Online Tools: Use GM's official parts website or authorized dealers for up-to-date information.
- Community Forums: Join GM vehicle enthusiast forums for tips on identifying and using parts group numbers.
- Professional Assistance: When in doubt, consult with certified mechanics or GM service centers.

Conclusion

Understanding GM parts group numbers is a valuable skill for anyone involved in maintaining or repairing GM vehicles. These numbers serve as a comprehensive, organized system that simplifies the complex task of identifying, sourcing, and verifying vehicle parts. While initially intimidating, familiarizing yourself with the structure and application of these group numbers can lead to more efficient repairs, better parts selection, and ultimately, improved vehicle performance and longevity. Whether you're navigating a GM dealership's catalog or an online parts database, mastering the parts group number system will make your automotive endeavors smoother and more successful.

Question What are GM parts group numbers and why are they important? GM parts group numbers are alphanumeric codes used to identify specific groups of parts within General Motors' parts catalog. They help technicians and parts departments quickly locate and order the correct components for repairs and maintenance. How can I find the GM parts group number for a specific vehicle part? You can find the GM parts group number by consulting the vehicle's factory service manual, parts catalog, or using online parts lookup tools provided by GM or authorized parts distributors. Are GM parts group numbers the same across all GM vehicle models? No, GM parts group numbers are specific to particular vehicle models and parts categories, so a group number for one model may differ from another even within the same year or series. Can I use a GM parts group number to identify compatible aftermarket parts? While GM parts group numbers are specific to genuine GM parts, they can assist in identifying compatible aftermarket parts by providing a reference point, but it is always best to verify compatibility with the supplier. How are GM parts group numbers organized or structured? GM parts group numbers typically consist of a combination of letters and numbers that categorize parts by system, component, or function, making it easier to

locate related parts within the catalog. Is there an online resource to look up GM parts group numbers? Yes, GM's official parts catalog, as well as various third-party automotive parts websites, provide online tools to search for parts and their corresponding group numbers. Why do some GM parts have multiple group numbers? Some parts, especially those that are used across multiple vehicle models or systems, may have multiple group numbers to reflect different versions, configurations, or related components. How do GM parts group numbers relate to part numbers? GM parts group numbers categorize parts into groups, while part numbers are unique identifiers for individual components within those groups, allowing for precise ordering and identification. Can I modify or change GM parts group numbers when ordering parts? No, GM parts group numbers are standardized identifiers assigned by GM. Modifying them can lead to incorrect parts being ordered; always use official group numbers when searching or ordering. Are GM parts group numbers used in warranty or repair processes? Yes, parts group numbers are often used in warranty claims and repair documentation to specify exact parts needed or replaced during service procedures.

Related keywords: GM parts group numbers, automotive parts catalog, GM part numbers, vehicle repair parts, GM parts identification, GM parts catalog, OEM GM parts, GM parts interchange, GM service parts, GM parts numbering system

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